

$$\int \frac{\cos^2 x - 1}{\cos x (\sin x + 1)} dx = \int \frac{-y^2}{(1-y^2)(1+y)} dy = \int \frac{A}{y+1} + \frac{B}{(y+1)^2} + \frac{C}{y-1} dy$$

Substitute $\sin x = y$, $\cos x dx = dy$
 $x \in (-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}) + k\pi$.

$$A(y^2 - 1) + B(y - 1) + C(y + 1)^2 = y^2$$

$$y = 1: 4C = 1 \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = -1: -2B = 1 \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = 0: -A + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = 0 \Rightarrow A = \frac{3}{4}$$

} Dosarovní kořeni

$$\frac{1}{4} (3 \log|y+1| + \frac{1}{y+1} + \log|y-1|)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \log(\sin x + 1) + \frac{1}{2(\sin x + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \log(1 - \sin x), x \in (-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}) + k\pi$$